## Department of Political Science Teaching plan

## Name of the Teacher: Kaushik Chakraborty

Allotted syllabus	Teaching plan
,	1 <sup>st</sup> Semester: Term 1 (10 Classes)
CC2: The Constituent Assembly and the	1.Background and history of the Constituent
Constitution: Philosophy of the Constitution,	Assembly( 5 Classes)
the Preamble, and Features of the	2.Making of the Constitution (3 Classes)
Constitution,	3. Features of the Indian Constitution (2
Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles	Classes)
	Term 2 (10 Classes)  1. Philosophy of the Constitution ( 3 Classes)  2. Significance of the Preamble (4 Classes)  3. Nature of State as described in the Preamble ( 3 Classes)  Term 3 (10 Classes)  1. Fundamental Rights (3 Classes)  2. Fundamental Duties (2 Classes)  3. Directive Principles and State Policy (5 Classes)
CC3: The Universality of Rights	
CC4: Regional Aspirations &	
Religion and Politics	2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem: Term 1 (10 Classes)
	1. Natural Rights (4 Classes)
	2. Moral Rights (3 Classes)
	3. Legal Rights ( 3 Classes)
	Term 2 ( 10 Classes)  1.Three Generations of Rights (5 Classes)  2.Rights and Obligations (5 Classes)  Term 3 (10 Classes)  1. Rights of the girl child (3 Classes)  2.Regional Aspirations ( 4 Classes)  3.Religion and Politics (3 classes)

CC7: Studying International Relations & Theoretical Perspectives (Classical Realism & Neo-Realism

Liberalism & Neoliberalism)

SEC1: Measuring Public Opinion with Surveys: Representation and sampling

# 3<sup>rd</sup>Sem: <u>Term-1 (20</u> <u>Classes)</u>

1.How do you understand International Relations: Levels of Analysis (5 Classes)

2.Idea of I.R (3 Classes)

3.Evolution of I.R (4 Classes)

4.Idealism (2 Classes)

5.Six Principles of Realism (2 Classes)

6.Neo Realism (2 Classes)

7.Idea of Globalisation (2 Classes)

#### Term- 2 (20 Classes)

1. History and IR (5 Classes)

2.Medieval age and the idea of State (4 Classes)

3. Emergence of the International State System (6 Classes)

4.Pre-Westphalian System (3 Classes)

5.Treaty of Westphalia (2 Classes)

#### Term-3 (20 Classes)

1.Post-Westphalia (3 Classes)

2. Classical Realism (4 Classes)

3. Neo-Realism (3 Classes)

4.Liberalism (4 Classes)

5. Neoliberalism (3 Classes)

6.Measuring Public Opinion with Surveys: Representation and sampling (3 Classes)

CC8: Democratization

CC10: Contemporary Global Issues & Global

Shifts: Power and Governance

SEC2: Powers and functions of people's representative at different tiers of

governance

#### 4th Sem: Term 1 (20 Classes)

1.Idea of Colonialism, Post Colonialism, Democracy and their relations (7 Classes)

2.Process of democratization in postcolonial Countries (4 classes), postauthoritarian countries (3 classes)

3.post-communist countries (3 Classes)

4.Ecological Issues: Historical Overview (3 Classes)

#### Term-2 (20 classes)

1. Ecological issues and International Relations (4 Classes)
2. Ecological issues and Environmental Agreements (5 Classes)
3. Issues of Climate Change and IR (5 Classes),
4. Global Commons Debate (3 Classes)
5. Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (3 Classes)

#### Term- 3 (20 Classes)

1.International Terrorism: Non-State Actors and State Terrorism; Post 9/11 developments (4 Classes) 2.Migration (3 Classes)

3.Human Security ( 3 Classes)

4. Global Shifts: Power and

Governance (2 Classes)

5. Legislative Practices and Procedures: Powers and functions of people's representative at different tiers of governance (4 Classes)

6. Members of Parliament,State legislative assemblies (2 Classes)

7. functionaries of rural and urban localself - government from Zila Parishad, Municipal Corporation to Panchayat/ward. (2 Classes)

CC11: Locke

DSE1: India's Foreign Policy:From a Postcolonial State to an Aspiring Global Power

India's Negotiating Style and Strategies: Trade, Environment and Security Regimes India in the Contemporary Multipolar World

#### 5<sup>TH</sup> SEM <u>Term-1 (20 Classes)</u>

- 1. Locke: Background ( 2 Classes)
- 2. Locke: Laws of Nature (3 Classes)
- 3. Comparison with Hobbes and Rousseau (4 Classes)
- 4. Natural Rights (3 Classes)

- 5. Property (2 Classes)
- 6. Comparison between Natural rights, Moral Rights and Legal Rights (2 Classes) 7. Right to dissent; justification of property (4 Classes)

#### TERM-2 (20 Classes)

- 1.Basic features of India's Foreign Policy (4 Classes)
- 2. Principles of India's Foreign Policy. (4 Classes)
- 3. Objectives of India's Foreign Policy (3 Classes)
- 4. Idea of Globalizing world. (4 Classes)
- 5. Unipolarity and Multipolarity and changing dimensions of India's Foreign Policy (5 Classes)

#### TERM-3 (20 Classes)

- 1.India's Foreign Policy: From a Postcolonial State to an Aspiring Global Power (5 Classes) 2.India's Relations with the USA (2 Classes) 3. And with USSR/Russia (3 classes) 4.India's Engagements with China (2 Classes) 5.India in South Asia: Debating Regional Strategies (3 Classes)
- 6.India's Negotiating Style and Strategies: Trade, Environment and Security Regimes (3 Classes)
- 7.India in the Contemporary Multipolar World (2 Classes)

CC13: Modernity and its discourses &

Alexandra Kollontai

DSE4: Project

#### 6<sup>th</sup> SEM :Term1 (20 Classes)

- 1.Introduction to the idea of modernity (04 Classes)
- 2. Brief history of ancient Greece, Roman and

Medieval era to understand the core idea of modernity (7 Classes)

- 3. Medieval age and the role of Religion (3 Classes)
- 4. Project writing: Title identification, discussion on theoretical population, objective of research, methodology, (6 Classes)

#### Term: 2 (20 Classes)

- 1. Features of Renaissance (3 Classes)
- 2. Features of Modernity (3 Classes)
- 3. Secularism (3 Classes)
- 4. Idea of Nation State ( 2 Classes)
- Idea of Humanity, Rationalism, Revaluation of Religion, Revaluation of age old scripts, Idea of Individualism (3 Classes)
- Project Work: Formation of Research Questions, Discussion on Study Population, Methods of data collection, tabulation and analysis (6 Classes)

#### TERM-3(20 Classes)

- 1. Sociological and Political aspect of modernity (3 Classes)
- 2. Alexandra Kollontai: Winged and wingless Eros (3 Classes)
- 3. Alexandra Kollontai: Idea of Proletarian woman (4 Classes)
- 4. Alexandra Kollontai: Idea of Socialization of housework (2 Classes)
- 5. Alexandra Kollontai: disagreement with Lenin ( 3 Classes)
- 6. Project Work: Discussion on Book Review Reference style, Bibliography ( 5 Classes)

GE2: Environmental governance & Good governance initiatives in india: best practices

#### GE 2 Term -1(5 classes)

1.Idea of Environment (1 class)

	2.Environment and poitics(1 class) 3 Environment and political theory(1 class) 4.Global Environmental movements(2classes)
GE3: Gandhi on Modern Civilization and Ethics of Development	Term-2(5 classes)  1.Idea of environmental citizenship(2classes)  2.Idea of Green Political theory(3 classes)  Term-3(5 classes)  1.International Environmental agreements(2 classes)  2.Role of States(1class)  3.International agreements and International Relations(2 classes)
	GE 3 Term -1(5 classes)
	1.Idea of modernity(3 classes) 2.idea of renaissance(2 classes) Term-2(5 classes) 1.Modernity and Gandhian thought(2classes) 2.Modernity and alternative modernity (3 classes) Term-3(5 classes) 1.Idea of Development(1 class) 2.Development and Growth(1 class) 3.Development and alternative modernity(1 class) 4. Idea of ethics and its relations with development( 2 classes)

## Teaching Plan

## Department of Political Science, Kharagpur College

## Name of the Teacher-Subrata Paria, Dept of Political Science

1<sup>st</sup> Semester

Paper-CC1

## Name of the Paper-Political Theory and Practice

Allotted Topic	Lecture Topic	Number	Remarks
		of Class	
The Grammar of	1.Defination of	02	
Democracy	Democracy		
	2.History of		
	Democracy		
	3.Classification of		
	Democracy		
	4.Principles of	02	
	Democracy		
	5.Conditions of		
	Democracy		
Procedural	1.Concept of		
Democracy and its	Procedural	02	
critique	Democracy		
	2.Distinction		
	between		
	Procedural		
	Democracy and		
	Substantive		
	Democracy		
	3.Tenets of		
	Procedural		
	Democracy	03	
	4.Exponents of		
	Procedural		
	Democracy		
	5.Critique and		
	importance of		
	Procedural		
	Democracy		
	1.Concept of		
Deliberative	Deliberative		
Democracy	Democracy	02	
-	2.Composition of		
	Deliberative		
	Democracy		
	3.Exponents of		
	Deliberative		
	Democracy		

	4.Fetures of Deliberative Democracy 5.Distinction between Procedural and Deliberative Democracy 6.Evaluation of Deliberative Democracy	02	For Advanced and Slow learner-2 Class
Participation and Representation	1.Concept of Political Participation 2.Forms of Political Participation 3Intrigridents of Political Participation	03	
	4.Means of Representation 5.Theories of Representation	02	
	6.Types of Representation 7.Methods of Representation	02	
Total		20	Allotted Class-22

Paper-CC2

Name of the Teacher-Subrata Paria

Allotted Topics	Lecture Topic	Number of Class	Remarks
Federation and	1.Concepts of	04	
Decentralization	Decentralization		
	and Federation		
	2.Forms of Indian		
	Federation		
	3.Nature of		
	Indian Federation		

	4.Distribution of Legislative Powers between Centre and States 5.Role of Sarkaria Commission  6.Distribution of Administrative Powers between Centre and States 7.Role of Inter - State Council	02	
	7.Distribution of Financial powers among Centre and States 8.Role of Finance commission	02	
	9.Centralization	01	
Panchayat and Municipalities	1.Concept of Panchayat and Municipality 2.Structure of Panchayat 3.Role of Panchayat 4.Significance of 73rdAmendment	03	For Slow learner and Advance learner-04 Class
	5.Structure of Municipality 6.Role of Municipality 7.Impact of 74 <sup>th</sup> Amendment	02	
Total		16	Allotted Class-20

2<sup>nd</sup> SemPaper-CC3Name of The Teacher-Subrata Paria

## Name of the Paper-Political Theory-Concepts and Debates

Allotted Topics	Lecture Topic	Number of Class	Remarks
Indispensability of Justice-Procedural Justice	1.Coception of Justice 2.Source of Justice 3.Classical and Modern theory of Justice	04	
	4.Ideas of Procedural Justice 5. Rules of Procedural Justice	04	
	6.Exponents of Procedural Justice 7.Models of Procedural Justice	02	
Indispensability of Justice- Distributive Justice	1,Concepts ofDistributive Justice 2.Principles of Distributive Justice	02	
	3.Exponents of Distributive Justice 4.Rawals views on distributive Justice 5.Roles of Distributive Justice	02	
Indispensability of Global Justice	1.Concepts of Global Justice	02	

	2.Capital	02	For Advanced
	Punishment		and slow Learner
			-02Class
Total		18	Allotted Class-20

## Paper-CC4 Name of the Teacher-Subrata Paria

Allotted Topics	Lecture Topic	Number of Class	Remarks
Changing Pattern	1.Concept of	02	
of Indian State-	Development		
Development	2.Development		
	Strategy of Indian		
	State		
	3.Goal of Indian		
	State		
Changing Pattern	1.Concept of	02	For Advanced and
of Indian State-	welfare		Slow Learners-2
welfare	2.Welfare		Class
	programmes of		
	Indian State		
	3.Changing nature		
	from		
	development to		
	welfare of Indian		
	State		
Changing Pattern	1.Steps of	02	
of Indian State-	coercive of Indian		
Coercive	State		
	2.Changing nature		
	from welfare to		
	coercive nature of		
	Indian State	00	All 11 1 Cl 1 40
Total		08	Allotted Class-10

## 2<sup>nd</sup> Semester Name of the Teacher-Subrata Paria

Paper-GE2 Name of the paper: Governance: Issues and Challenges

Allotted Topics	Lecture Topic	Number of Class	Remarks
1.Government and Governance: Concepts	1.Differences between Government and Governance 2.Concept of State, Market and Civil Society	04	
	3.Meanings of Globalization	05	

	4.Role of State in Globalization Era 4.Relation between State, Market and Civil Society		
2. Governance and Development	1.Meaning of Good Governance 2.Characteristics of Good Governance 3.Develpment and Good Governance 4.Dimensions of Good Governance	05	For Advanced and Slow Learner-02Class
Total		14	Allotted Class-16

## 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester

## Name of the Teacher-Subrata Paria

Paper-V(Introduction to Comparative Government and Politics)

Allotted Topics	Lecture Topic	Num ber of Class	Remarks
Understanding Comparative Politics- Nature and Scope of Comparative Politics	1.Define Comparative Politics 2.Differences between Comparative Politics and Comparative Government	01	
	3.Subject matter and scope of Comparative Politics 4.Nature of Comparative Politics	02	
Understanding Comparative Politics- Going Beyond Euro-centrism	1.What is Euro-centrism? 2.Beyond Euro-centrism 3 Peter Grans on beyond Euro-centrism	02	

Historical Context of Modern	1 Defined Canitalism		
Government-Capitalism :meaning ,development: globalization	1.Defined Capitalism 2.Features of Capitalism	02	
	3.Stages of Development of Capitalism	04	
	4Meaning of Globalization 5.Process involved in Globalization 6.Globalization is the latest stage of Capitalism	02	
Historical Context of Modern Government-Socialism: meaning ,growth and development	1.Origin and Meaning of Socialism 2.Features of Socialism	02	
	3.Development of Socialism 4.Comunism and Socialism in the1990century 5Differencs between Socialism Capitalism	02	For advanced and Slow Learner-2 Class
Historical Context of Modern Government-colonialism and decolonialism	1.Concept of colonialism and De-colonialism and anti-colonialism 2.Compare between colonialism and de-colonialism	02	
	3 .Decolonization in Asia, Africa and Latin America 4.Anti-Colonial Struggles	02	
Themes for Comparative analysis-a comparative study of constitutional developments of Britain ,Brazil ,Nigeria and China	1.Constitutional development of Britain, Brazil, Nigeria, and China 2.Comparative study between Britain, Brazil, Nigeria and China	12	

Themes for Comparative analysis-a comparative study of Political Economy of Britain ,Brazil, Nigeria and China	1.Political Economy of Britain 2.Political Economy of Brazil 3 Political Economy of Nigeria 4.Political Economy of China	10	
Total		43	Allotted Class-45

4<sup>th</sup> Sem

Paper- CC8 Name of the Teacher-Subrata Paria

## Name of the Paper-Political Processes and Institutions in Comparative Perspective

Allotted Topics	Lecture Topic	Number of Class	Remarks
Approaches to studying Comparative Politics-Political	1.Definations of Political Culture 2.Political Subculture 3.Types of Political Culture	04	
Culture	4.Determinants of Political Culture 5.Functions of Political Culture	03	
Approaches to studying Comparative Politics-New Institutionalism	1.Concept of Political Institutionalism 2 Institutionalism in Comparative Politics	04	
	3.Institutionalism and New Institutionalism 4.New Institutionalism And Comparative Politics	04	
Electoral System	1.Concept of Electoral System     2.Electoral system of different countries	04	
	3 .Types of Electoral System	03	
Party System	1.Concept of Political Party System 2.Historical context of emergence of the UK, USA, China Party System	04	
	3.Classifiation of Party System 4.Comparative Study of Political Parties of UK,USA and China	04	

Nation-State	1.What is Nation?	06	Slow
	2.What is Nation-State?		learner
	3 What are differences between		and
	Nation and State?		advanced
	4.Nation and State -Debates		-02 Class
Total		36	Allotted
			Class-38

#### Semester-4 Name of the Teacher-Subrata Paria

Paper-SEC2 Name of the Paper-Legislative Practices and Procedure

Allotted Topics	Lecture Topic	Number of Class	Remarks
Supporting the Legislative Process	1.India is a Parliamentary System 2.Concept of Parliament 3.Bill and Law	02	
	4.Law Making Process 5. Role of Standing Committee	03	
	6.Rules Committee 7.The Framing of Rules	02	
Total		07	Allotted Class-07

6<sup>th</sup> Semester Name of the Teacher- Subrata Paria

Paper-14 Name of the Paper-Indian Political Thought-II

Allotted Topic	Lecture Topic	Number of Class	Remarks
Introduction to	1,Concept of		
Modern Indian	Modern Indian		
Modern Indian	Political Thought		
Political Thought	2.Streams of		
	Modern Political		
	Thought		
	3.Exponents of		
	Modern Indian	04	
	Political Thought		
	4.Differencs		
	between Ancient		

F	I	т	
	Political Thought		
	and Modern		
	Indian Political		
	Thought		
Rammohan Roy	1.Introduction	03	
	2.Rammohan Roy		
	and		
	Modernization		
	3.Social	06	
	Reformation and		
	Individual Rights		
	A VAZ		
	4.Women Rights		
	5.Rammohan		
	and Freedom of		
	Thought		
	6.Liberal thought		
	of Rammohan		
	Roy		
	1.Introduction	05	
Pandita	2.Aspects of		
Rambai:Gender	Feminist thought		
	of Ramabai		
	3.Institutional		
	Pursuits for		
	women		
	emancipation		
	1.Introduction	04	
Vivekananda:Ideal	2.Nationalism of		
society	Vivekananda		
	3.concept of	06	
	Ideal Society		
	3.Pillars of ideal		
	Society		
	4.Socalist		
	Concept of		
	Vivekananda		
	1.Introduction	04	
Gandhi:Swaraj	2.Main Tenets of		
	Gandhian		
	Thought		
	3.Gandhi		
	Concept of		
	Satyagraha		
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

	4.Gandhi Concept of Swaraj 5.Hind Swaraj 6.Nature of Swaraj	05	
Ambedkar: Social Justice	1.Introduction 2.Concept of Untouchability	03	
	3.Road to social Justice 4.Gandhi and Ambedkar on Emancipation of Untouchables- Comparative study	05	
Tagore Critique of Nationalism	1.Introduction 2.Concept of Nationalism 3.Critique of western Nationalism	05	Slow Learner and Advanced Learner-05
	4.Nationalism and Internationalism 5.Idea of Cosmopolitan	04	
Total		55	Allotted Class-60

# Kharagpur College Department of Political Science Teaching plan

Name of the Teacher: Sk Anisur Rahman

ALLOTTED SYLLABUS	TEACHING PLAN
SEM: 1ST	CC 1 (1 <sup>st</sup> Sem)
CC-1: Introducing Political Theory	Term 1(8 lectures)
	<u>CC-1</u>
	.Basic idea of Political theory
	. Idea of political approaches
	. Differences between Political theory and
	political approaches
	. Understanding of contemporary Political
	Theory
	. traditional vs Modern view of politics
	Term- 2(10 lecture)
	CC-1
	. Normative Approach of politics
	. Historical Approach of politics
	. Empirical Approach of politics
	. Role of Behaviouralism on different political
	approaches
	. Differences between Normative and
	Historical Approach
	. Differences between Normative and
	Empirical Approach of politics
	Term -3 (12 lectures) CC-1
	Aspect of Critical Political Theory     Understanding of Feminism
	. Feminism as a movement
	. 1 <sup>st</sup> wave of feminist movement
	.2 <sup>nd</sup> wave of feminist movement
	. 3 <sup>rd</sup> wave of feminist movement
	. Feminism as Theory
	Liberal perspective of Feminism
	. Radical perspective of Feminism
	.Socialist perspective of Feminism
	. Dalith Feminism
	. June 11 Chimion

. Eco Feminism

- . Black Feminism
- . Idea of Post Modernism

SEM: 2ND

**CC- 3:** Importance of Freedom

**CC-4:** \*Determinants of Voting Behavior

\*Regional Aspirations

CC3 & CC4 (2ND Sem)

Term 1 (08 Lectures)

#### CC3:

- . concept of Freedom
- .Types of Freedom
- . Negative Freedom: Liberty

#### CC4:

- .Voting Behavior
- . influence of social identity on voting Behavior
- . Role of caste

#### Term 2(12 Lectures)

#### CC3:

- . Positive liberty
- . Freedom as Emancipation
- . Freedom as Development

#### CC4:

- .Role of Class,
- .Role of Gender
- . Role of Religion

#### Term 3(10 Lectures)

#### CC3:

- . Freedom of belief
- . Freedom expression and
- . Freedom of Dissent

#### CC4:

- .Idea of Regional Aspirations
- . Politics of Secession and Accommodation.

SEM: 3RD

**CC-7:** \* Theoretical Perspectives

\* An Overview of Twentieth Century IR

History

**SEC-1:** Quantitative Data Analysis

## CC 7 & SEC (3<sup>rd</sup> Sem) Term 1 (20 Lectures)

#### **CC7**:

- .Importance of IR history
- . causes of World War I
- .Consequence World War I
- .Treaty of Versailles
- . Bolshevik Revolution
- . Socialism in USSR

- . AGGRESSIVE NATIONALISM
- . Rise of Fascism
- .Rise of Nazism

#### SEC-1:

- . core idea of research
- . type of social science research
- . DATA
- . Type of DATA

#### Term 2 (20 Lectures)

#### **CC7**:

- .Causes OF World War II
- . Consequences OF World War II
- .Cold War: Different Phases
  - > 1<sup>ST</sup> PHASE
  - ➤ 2<sup>ND</sup> PHASE
  - > 3<sup>RD</sup> PHASE
- . Emergence of the Third World
- . Collapse of the USSR and the End of the Cold  $\mbox{\sc War}$

#### SEC-1

- .Introduction to quantitative data analysis
- .Qualitative data

#### Term 3 (20 Lectures)

#### **CC7**:

- . Post Cold War Developments and Emergence of Other Power Centers ofPower
- . Marxist Approaches
- .Feminist Perspectives
- .Eurocentricism
- .Perspectives OF the Global South

#### SEC:1

- . Basic concepts: correlation research,
- . causation
- . prediction, descriptiveand inferential Statistics

SEM: 4TH

**CC-8:** Democratization

CC-10: Globalization: Conceptions and

**Perspectives** 

**SEC-2:** Reading the Budget Document

#### CC-8, CC-10 & SEC 4<sup>th</sup> Sem Term1( 20 Lectures)

#### **CC8**:

.concept of Democracy

- . Democracy and society
- . Democracy and colonialism
- . concept of post colonialism
- . Process of democratization in postcolonial

#### CC10:

- .Understanding Globalization
- . Different perspective of  ${\mbox{Globalization}}$
- .anti Globalization theory
- . Debates on Sovereignty and Territoriality
- .Global Economy: Its Significance and Anchors of Global Political Economy

#### Term- 2 (25 Lectures)

#### **CC-8:**

- . Concept of authoritarian Government .post- authoritarian
- . Democratic authoritarian
- . post-communistcountries

#### CC10:

- . IMF
- .World Bank
- . WTO
- . TNCs & MNC

#### SEC-2

- .Types of committees
- . role of committees in

reviewing government finances

. role of committees in reviewing policy

#### Term- 3 (15 Lectures)

#### **CC-8**

- Cultural and Technological Dimension
- .Global Resistances
- .Global Social Movements
- . NGOs & INGO
- . Global Civil Society

#### **SEC -2**

.Role of committees in reviewing programmes, and legislation.

## SEM: 5TH DSE-1:

- \*India's Relations with the USA and USSR/Russia
- \*India's Engagements with China
- \*India in South Asia: Debating Regional Strategies

#### DSE-2:

- \*Major Global Conflicts since the Second World War
- \*Assessment of the United Nations as an International Organization: Imperatives of Reforms and the Process of Reforms

#### DSE-1 (5<sup>th</sup> Sem)

#### Term-1(20 Lectures)

#### **DSE-1:**

- .Objectives of India's Foreign Policy
- . India's Foreign Policy in Cold War Era

#### .NAM

- . India's Relations with the USA In Cold war era
- .India's Relations with the USA after cold war Period
- .India –USA Relations in Contemporary

Period

.India- china relations in cold war era . India's Engagements with China in contemporary Period

#### **DSE -2**

- . Importance of international war
- . Basic idea of war Strategy
- .Korean war

#### Term -2 (20 Lectures)

#### DSE-1:

- . India's strategic importance in South Asia
- .INDIA- PAKISTAN
- .INDIA-BANGLADESH
- . INDIA -BHUTAN
- . INDIA- MALDIVES

#### DSE -2

- . Vietnam War
- . Afghanistan War
- .Balkan War

#### Term -3 (14 Lectures)

#### **DSE-1:**

- . India- USSR relations in cold war era
- . India's Engagements with Russia in contemporary Period
- . India –Russia Relations in Contemporary world politics

#### **DSE -2**

- .INDIA- SRI LANKA Relations
  .INDIA-AFGHANISTAN Relations
- .INDIA- NEPAL Relations

SEM: 6<sup>TH</sup>

CC-13: Radicals
DSE-3: Groundings
DSE-4: PROJECT

## 6<sup>th</sup> SEM CC13, DSE3, DSE4 Term- 1( 20 Lectures)

#### **CC13**:

- . Karl Marx
- . View on Alienation
- . Dialectical Materialism
- . Historical Materialism
- . Theory of Revolution
- .Theory of surplus value

#### DSE -3

- .Feminism in India
- .History of the Women's Movement in India
- .Violence against women
- .Work and Labour

#### DSE-4

Project Work (Lec-4)

#### Term 2(20 Lectures)

#### **CC13**

- . Marxists' view on class struggle
- . socialist state
- .view on communism

#### DSE-3

- .Visible and Invisible work
- .Reproductive and care work
- .SEX WORK

#### **DSE-4**

. Project (lec-6)

Term 3(20 Lectures)

#### DSE-3

- .Child Marriage
- . Discrimination on Work Place
- .Type of Indian Feminism
- . post Modern Feminism
- .Dalith Feminism

#### **DSE-4**

. Project (L – 10)

## **GE-1:** History of Feminism GE-1 Term -1(lec -15) .History of Feminism .Origins of Feminism in the West: France .Britain and United States of America .Feminism in the Socialist Countries: China, Cuba and erstwhile USSR .Feminist issues and women's participation in anti-colonial and national liberation movements with special focus on India **GE- 4:** \*Major Global Conflicts since the Second World War GE-4 \*Assessment of the United Nations Term-1 (lec-16) as an International Organization: . Korean War Imperatives of Reforms and the . Vietnam War Process of Reforms . Afghanistan War . Balkan War

## Teaching plan

## **Department of Political Science**

Name of the Teacher: Sk Najibul Hossen

ALLOTTED SYLLABUS	TEACHING PLAN
1st Semester	CC 1 (1st Sem)
CC1: What is Politics: Theorizing the 'Political' Traditions of Political Theory	Term 1(10 lectures) Course Outcome[L1] Understanding Political Theory [L2,L3] Introducing political theory[L4,L5,L6] Etymological meaning of politics[L7] Defination and meaning of politics[L8] Aspects of politics[L9,L10]  Term2(10 lectures) Theorizing the political[L1,L2,L3,L4] Traditions of political theory[L5,L6,L7] Liberal theory of Politics[L8,L9,L10]  Term 3(10 Lectures) Marxist theory of politics and Marxism [L1,L2,L3,L4] Anarchist theory[L5,L6] Conservative theory of politics[L7,L8] Conclusion[L9] Revision[L10]
2 <sup>nd</sup> Semester CC3: Major Debates CC4: Political Parties and the Party System	CC3 & CC4 (2 <sup>ND</sup> Sem)  Term 1 (10 Lectures)  CC3:  Course Outcome[L1]  Define state[L2]  Why should we obey the state?[L3]  political obligation and civildisobedience[L4]  concept of rights[L5]  CC4:  Course Outcome[L1]  Concept of poltical party and party system[L2,L3]  Definition of poltical party[L4]  Types of political parties[L5,]  Term 2(10 Lectures)  CC3:  Rights and Obligation[L1]  Theory of relativism[L2]  Issue of cultural relativism[L3,L4]  Are Human Rights Universal[L5]  CC4:  Indian Party System[L1,L2,L3]  Types of Party system[L4]  Hegemony of Congress Party in India[L5]

#### Term 3(10 Lectures)

CC3:

How do we accommodate diversity in plural society?[L

Multiculturalism theory[L2]

Multiculturalism and toleration[L3]

Conclusion[L4]

Revision [L5]

CC4:

Trends in the Party System[L1] From congress system to multi party system[L2]

Coalition government[L3]

Conclusion[L4]

Revision [L5]

#### 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester

CC6: Neo-classical theories

Contemporary theories

Public policy

Major approaches in public administration

SEC1: Interpreting polls

## CC6 & SEC(3rd Sem)

#### Term 1 (20 Lectures)

CC6:

Course Outcome[L1]

Meaning and scope of Public Administration[L2,L3,L4]

Human relations theory[L5,L6,L7]

Rational decision-making[L8,L9,L10]

Evaluation of public administration[L11,L12,L13,L14,L1

SEC:

Course Outcome[L1]

Interpreting polls [C, L5]

#### Term 2 (20 Lectures)

CC6:

Minobrook Conference[L1,L2]

New Public Administration[L3,L4,L5,L6,L7]

New Public Management[L8,L9,L10,L11,L12]

New Public Service Approach[L13,L14,L15]

Prediction in polling research: possibilities and pitfalls[L1

#### Term 3 (20 Lectures)

Public Policy; Concept, relevance and approaches[L1,L2,]

Formulation, implementation and evaluation[,L4,L5,L6]

Good Governance[L8,L9,L10]

Feminist Perspectives[L11,L12,L13]

Conclusion [L14]

Revision [L15]

SEC:

Politics of interpreting polling [L1,L2,L3]

Conclusion [L4] Revision[L5]

4<sup>th</sup> Semester

CC8: Federalism CC9: Public Policy

Budget

Citizen and Administration Interface

SEC2: Reading the Budget Document

CC8,CC9 & SEC(4th Sem)

Term1(20 Lectures)

CC8:

Course Outcome[L1]

Historical context Federation and Confederation[L2,L3,

CC9:

Course Outcome[L1]

Public Policy; Concept, relevance and approaches[L2,L3,]

Definition, characteristics and models[L6,L7,L8]

Public Policy Process in India[L9,L10]

SEC:

Course Outcome[L1]

Overview of Budget Process[L2,L3,L4,L5]

Term 2 (20 Lectures)

CC8:

Federalism theory[L1,L2,L3,L4,L5]

CC9:

Concept and Significance of Budget[L1,L2,L3,L4,L5]

Budget Cycle in India[L6,L7,L8, L9,L10]

SEC

Role of Parliament in reviewing the Union Budget[L1,L2,

RailwayBudget[L4,L5]

Term 3 (20 Lectures)

CC8:

debates around territorial division of power[L1,L2,L2,L2]

CC9:

Various Approaches and Types Of Budgeting[L1,L2,L3]

Public Service Delivery[L4,L5,L6]

Redressal of Public Grievances[L7,L8]

RTI, Lokpal, Citizens' Charter and E-Governance[L9,L10

SEC:

Examination of Demands for Grants of Ministries, Working

5th semester

CC11: Classical Political Philosophy

> Plato

> Aristotle

CC11(5th Sem)

Term1(20 Lectures)

> Machiavelli

> Locke

Course Outcome[L1]

Plato's Philosophy and Politics[L2,L3,L4]

Theory of Forms and Justice[L5,L6,L7]

Philosopher King/Queen[L8]

CommunismPresentation theme: Critique of Democracy [

Women and Guardianship, Censorship[L12,L13]

Political Philosopy of Aristotle[L14]

Forms and Virtue[L15,L16] Citizenship and Justice[L17,L18] State and Household[L19,L20]

#### Term 2 (20 Lectures)

Presentation themes of Aristotle[L2,L3]

Classification of governments[L4,L5,L6,L7,L8]

Man as zoon politikon[L9,L10]

Concept of Machiavelli[L11,L12]

Virtu and Religion[L13,L14,L15]

Republicanism[L16,L17]

Presentation themes: morality[L18,L19,L20]

Term 3 (20 Lectures)

Presentation themes: statecraft; vice and virtue

[L1,L2,L3,L4]

Concept of Locke[L5,L6]

Laws of Nature[L7,L8]

Natural Rights and Property[L9,L10,L11,L12]

Presentation themes: Natural rights[L13,L14,L15] Presentation themes: right to dissent[L16,L17]

justification of property[L18,L19]

Revision[L20]

#### 6<sup>th</sup> semester

CC13: Jean Jacques Rousseau Mary Wollstonecraft John Stuart Mill

DSE3: Family, Community, State

DSE4: Project

## CC13,DSE3,DSE4(6<sup>TH</sup> SEM)

Term 1(20 Lectures)

CC13:

Course Outcome[L1]

Theory of Rousseau[L2,L3]

Presentation themes: General Will[L4,L5,L6]

local or direct democracy[L7,L8]

self-government and origin of inequality[L9,L10]

DES3:

Concept of family in the context of feminism[L1 to L5]

DSE4:

Project work[ L1 to L5] Term 2 (20 Lectures)

CC13:

Concept of Mary Wollstonecraft[L2,L3]

Presentation themes: Women and paternalism[L4,L5,L6] critique of Rousseau's idea ofeducation[L7,L8,L9]

legal rights[L10]

DSE3:

Community [L1 to L5]

DSE4:

Project work[ L1 to L5]

Term 3 (20 Lectures)

CC13:

Liberalistic thought of J.S.Mill[L1,L2] Presentation themes: Liberty[L3,L4]

suffrage and subjection of women[L5,L6]

Rights of minorities and utility principle[L7,L8,L9]

Revision [L10]

DSE3:

Concept of State[L1 to L5]

DSE4:

Project work[ L1 to L5]

#### 4th sem Generic

GE4: The United Nations > Structures and **Functions** 

- > Peace Building and Responsibility to Protect
- > Millennium Development Goals

## GE4 (4th Sem)

Term1(5 Lectures)

Structures and Functions: General Assembly; Security Economicand Social Council; the International Court of June 1981 Term 2(5 Lectures)

The specialized agencies[L1,L2,L3]

Peace Keeping, Peace Making and Enforcement[L4,L5] Term 3(5Lectures)

Peace Building and Responsibility to Protect[L1,L2,L3] Millennium Development Goals[L4,L5]

[NB: L=Lecture]

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## Kharagpur College Department of Political Science

Teaching Plan Programme : UG/BA

Name of the Teacher: Prof. Sudhangsu Barman

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Allotted Syllabus	Teaching Plan
1 <sup>st</sup> Semester:	1 <sup>st</sup> Semester:
CC-2: * Organs of	<u>Term 1 (10 Classes)</u>
Government	Syllabus outcome(1 class)
*Federalism and	Idea of government and organs of government (3 classes)
Decentralization	Executive section of Government(3 Classes)
	Legislative section of Government(3 Classes)
	Term 2 (10 Classes)
	Judiciary section of government(3 classes)
	Center- state relations (2 Classes)
	Concept of federalism(2 classes)
	Indian federal structure(3 classes)
	Term 3 (10 Classes)
	Division of Powers (1 class)
	Emergency Provisions( 2 classes)
	Fifth and Sixth Schedules(2 classes)
	Panchayati Raj and Municipalities(4 classes)
	Revision (1 class)
	2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem:
2 <sup>nd</sup> Sem:	<u>Term 1 (10 Classes)</u>
CC-3: Significance of	Syllabus outcome(1 class)
Equality	Concept of Equality(1 class)
CC-4: * Caste and Politics	Formal Equality: Equality of opportunity(3 classes)
* Affirmative Action	Political equality(2 classes)
Policies	Caste in Politics and the Politicization of Caste(3 classes)
	Term 2 (10 Classes)
	Political equality(3 classes)
	Background of Egalitarianism( 2 classes)
	Egalitarianism: inequalities and differential treatment(5 classes)
	Term 3 (10 Classes)
	Important Issue: Affirmative action (5 classes)
	Women and politics(2 classes)
	Caste and Class(2 classes)
	Revision(1 class)

#### 3<sup>rd</sup>Sem:

**CC-5**: Themes for comparative analysis

**CC-6**:\* Public administration as a discipline

\*Classical theories **SEC-1**: Introduction to the course

#### 3<sup>rd</sup>Sem:

#### Term-1 (10 Classes)

Syllabus outcome(1 class)

Concept of development(1 class)

A comparative study of constitutional developments and political economy in the following countries: Britain and Brazil(4 classes)

Meaning of the Public Administration as a Discipline (2 classes) Public and Private Administration (2 classes)

#### Term 2 (10 Classes)

Evolution of Public Administration (5 classes)

comparative study of constitutional developments and political economy in thefollowing countries Nigeria and China( 4 classes)

Dimensions of the Public Administration as a Discipline(1 class)

#### Term 3 (10 Classes)

Significance of Public Administration as a Discipline (3 classes) Definition and characteristics of public opinion (3 classes) conceptions and characteristics of public opinion (2 classes) debates about its role in a democratic political system (2 classes)

#### 4th Sem:

**CC-8:** Federalism

CC-9: \* Decentralization \*Social Welfare Administration

**SEC-2:** Support in media monitoring and

monitoring and communication

#### 4th Sem:

#### Term-1 (10 Classes)

Syllabus outcome(1 class)

Historical context Federation and Confederation(2 classes)

Debates around territorial division of power(3 classes) Meaning, significance of Decentralization(2 classes) approaches and types of Decentralization(3 classes)

#### Term 2 (10 Classes)

Local Self Governance: Rural and Urban(4 classes) Concept and Approaches of Social Welfare(2 classes)

Social Welfare Policies:

Education: Right To Education(2 classes) Health: National Health Mission(2 classes)

#### Term 3 (10 Classes)

Social Welfare Policies:

Food: Right To Food Security(2 classes) Employment: MNREGA( 3 classes)

Types of media and their significance for legislators(3

classes)

Basics of communication in print and electronic media(2

classes)

5<sup>TH</sup> SEM

CC-12: \*Barani: Ideal Polity

\*Abul Fazal:

Monarchy

\*Kabir: Syncretism **DSE-2**: The United Nations

5<sup>TH</sup> SEM

Term-1 (10 Classes)

Syllabus outcome(1 class)

Barani: Ideal Polity(3 classes) Abul Fazal: Monarchy(3 classes)

An Historical Overview of the United Nations

Principles and Objectives(3 classes)

Term 2 (10 Classes)

Kabir: Syncretism(3 classes)

Structures and Functions: General Assembly; Security Council, and Economic and Social Council; the International Court of

Justice(5 classes)

United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural

Organisation [UNESCO](2 classes)

Term 3 (10 Classes)

The specialised agencies (International Labour Organization

[ILO](2 classes)

World Health Organisation [WHO](2 classes)

UN programmes and funds: United Nations Children's Fund

[UNICEF](1 class)

United Nations Development Programme [UNDP](2 classes) United Nations Environment Programme [UNEP](1 class)

United Nations High Commissioner (1 class)

Peace Keeping, Peace Making and Enforcement, Peace

Building and Responsibility to Protect Millennium Development Goals(1 class)

Tagore: Critique of Nationalism(3 classes)

Tagore: Critique of inter nationalism(2 classes)

<u>6<sup>th</sup> SEM :</u>

6<sup>th</sup> SEM:

**CC-14:** \*Tagore: Critique of

Nationalism

\*Iqbal: Community

\*Savarkar: Hindutva \*Nehru: Secularism \*Lohia: Socialism

**DSE-3: Groundings** 

Patriarchy

a. Sex-Gender Debates

<u>Term 2 ( 10 Classes)</u> Savarkar: Hindutva(2 classes)

Project( 2 Classes)

Term-1 (10 Classes)

Syllabus outcome(1 class)

Iqbal: Community (2 classes)

Nehru: Secularism(2 classes) Sex-Gender Debates(2 classes) Public and Private(2 classes)

b. Public and P

Project( 2 Classes)

Private	Term 3 (10 Classes)
c. Power	Lohia: Socialism(3 classes)
	Concept of Power(3 classes)
<b>DSE-4</b> : PROJECT	Project( 3 Classes)
	Revision(1 class)
<b>GE-1:</b> Approaches to	GE-1
understanding Patriarchy	
	Term-1 (5 Classes)
	Feminist theorising of the sex/gender
	distinction(3Classes)
	Biologism versus social constructivism(2Classes)
	Term 2 (5 Classes)
	Understanding Patriarchy and Feminism(5 classes)
	Term 3 (5 Classes) Liberal, Socialist, Marxist, Radical feminism(3classes)
	New Feminist Schools/Traditions(2 classes)
	Temmist Schools/ Traditions(2 classes)
<b>GE-2:</b> Local governance	GE-2
	Term-1 (5 Classes)
	Concept of government (3 classes)
	Decentralization (2 classes)
	Term 2 (5 Classes)
	Concept of governance(2 classes)
	Difference between Government and Governance(1 Class)
	Democratic decentralization(2 classes)
	Term 3 (5 Classes)
	Meaning of participation(1 class)
	People's participation in Governance(3 classes)
	Women participation(1 class)
GE-3: Thought: Gandhian	GE-3
Theory and Action	Term-1 (5 Classes)
	Theory of Satyagraha(2 classes)
	Satyagraha in Action(3 classes)
	Term 2 (5 Classes)
	Peasant Satyagraha: Kheda (3 classes)
	The Idea of Trusteeship(2 classes)
	Term 3 (5 Classes)
	Temple Entry and Critique of Caste(2 classes)
	Social Harmony: 1947and Communal Unity(3 classes)

<b>GE-4:</b> The United Nations	GE-4
	Term-1 (5 Classes) An Historical Overview of the United Nations(3 classes) Principles and Objectives(2 classes) Term 2 (5 Classes) Structures and Functions: General Assembly; Security Council, and Economicand Social Council; the International Court of Justice (3classes) specialised agencies like ILO,UNESCO,UNDP,UNEP,UNHCR(2classes) Term 3 (5 Classes Peace Keeping, Peace Making and Enforcement(2 classes) Peace Building and Responsibility to Protect(2 classes) Millennium Development Goals(1 class)