Kharagpur College Dept. of Physics

Solve the Following Problems on E-M Theory (C13T)

0.1 (a) Write down Maxwell's electromagnetic field equations and explain physical significance of each. 4

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(b) Derive the law of conservation of charge from Maxwell's field equation.

c) What is displacement current? Explain why and how Ampere's circuital law for steady current was modified to include displacement current. 1 + 3

d) Consider a medium of dielectric constant K=80 and conductivity $\sigma = 10^{-3}$ S/m. Compare the value of conduction current and displacement current densities at frequencies 100 Hz and 100 MHz. 4

e) A parallel plate capacitor with circular plates of radius 1m has a capacitance of 1 nF. At t=0, it is connected for charging in series with a resister R=1 M Ω across a 2 Volt battery (see Fig-1). Calculate the magnetic field at a point P, halfway between the center and the periphery of the plates, after t= 10 ms. (The charge on the capacitor at time t is $q(t) = CV(1-exp(-t/\tau))$, where the time constant τ is equal to CR). 5

f) Show that $\vec{B} = \frac{1}{n} (\vec{n} \times \vec{E})$, where \vec{n} the unit vector in the direction of propagation and c is the speed 1

of light in free space.

g) Show that for electromagnetic waves in free space, energy is equally shared between electric and magnetic fields. 2

h) Calculate the electric and magnetic fields produced by the radiation coming from a 1kW bulb at a distance of 3 m in free space. Assume the efficiency of the bulb is 25% and it is a point source. i) Calculate the average value of Poynting's vector for a plane wave travelling in free space having an electric field amplitude $E_o = 50 \ \mu V/m$. 2

i) Calculate the frequency at which skin depth in sea water is 1 m. Given for sea water, conductivity $\sigma = 4.3 \ (\Omega \ m)^{-1}$ and relative permittivity equal to 1. 2

k) Establish Poynting's theorem. Write down the Poynting's vector with its unit. 3 + 1